To Whom It May Concern

Company Name Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha Representative Hitoshi Nagasawa (Code No.: 9101 TSE Prime Market) Contact Tomotaka Aso, General Manager, Corporate Planning Group (TEL. +81 3-3284-5151)

Notice of New Medium-Term Management Plan: "Sail Green, Drive Transformations 2026"

Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha hereby announces that the company has formulated a new four-year mediumterm management plan that will be implemented from fiscal 2023. The new plan is titled "Sail Green, Drive Transformations 2026 - A Passion for Planetary Wellbeing."

Based on a long-term business-environment forecast, this medium-term management plan is positioned as an action plan to promote growth over the next four years with ESG at the core to achieve a new corporate vision for 2030, which reads as follows: "We go beyond the scope of a comprehensive global logistics enterprise to cocreate value required for the future by advancing our core business and growing new ones."

The new medium-term management plan comprises a business strategy to realize a corporate group that contributes to society and continues to grow sustainably and a financial strategy to promote management replete with capital efficiency.

As a business strategy, we will consider opportunities and risks for our business to decide the direction of individual businesses (AX: Ambidexterity & BX: Business Transformation). We will enhance human capital enrichment, group management, and governance (CX). We will also promote the establishment of digital infrastructure (DX) and become a supporter of a carbon-free society through ocean transport by promoting the acceleration of decarbonization. As a financial strategy, we will invest approx. 1.2 trillion yen in business by fiscal 2026 and will offer shareholder returns with capital efficiency improvement in mind.

[Overview of management strategy (ABCDE-X)]

- · Key strategy with core business advancement and new business development as the two pillars
- Support strategy with CX (talent, organizational restructuring, group management transformation), DX, and EX



END

Medium-Term Management Plan

Sail Green, Drive Transformations 2026

A Passion for Planetary Wellbeing

2023.03.10





Agenda

- 01 Medium-term management plan framework
- **02 Ambidextrous management** Advance the core business and develop new ones
- **03 Function strategy supporting ambidextrous management** CX · DX · EX
- 04 Financial strategy under the medium-term management plan
- Appendix

01

Medium-term management plan framework



NYK Group's target state



Develop a new vision towards 2030



global logistics enterprise to co-create value required for the future by advancing our core business and growing new ones

Execute strategies based on the target state for 2050

We strive to contribute to society and achieve sustainable growth



Build a concrete management strategy towards achieving the Vision in the medium-term management plan





■ In developing the new medium-term management plan, apply backcasting to envision the 2050 state





Consider potential global events in 2050 based on population, globalization, technology, and environmental megatrend perspectives to estimate the impact on our business

Megatrend	S	The world in 2050	Implications to our business	
Population	The center of global economy shifts towards Asia Population/middle class increase in emerging countries Globalization slows down	 Geopolitical risks become apparent Asia becomes the center of movement of goods Demand for logistics that connect consumers increases 	 Liner & Logistics Responding to economic security becomes urgent Demand for logistics within emerging countries and regions increases Container shipping slowly grows 	
Globalization	Uncertainty increases (pandemic/interstate conflicts) Advancement of technology including decarbonization accelerates	 Decarbonization changes manufacturing methods to change products and the way they are transported Taxes on GHG emissions increase 	 Bulk Shipping Business Cargo volume and types change Automobile trading patterns change Fleet is low/decarbonized 	
Technology Environment	Demand for services/software increases Circular economy Climate change responses / decarbonization	 Decarbonization/ICT advancement changes value chains to change revenue sources 	New business/revenue opportunities are created	



The medium-term management plan is positioned as an action plan for the next four years to achieve the 2030 Vision and promotes the growth strategy with ESG at its core

Medium-term management plan

Sail Green, Drive Transformations 2026

- A Passion for Planetary Wellbeing -

Make ESG core to the medium-term management plan - Create ESG Strategy Headquarters

Execute an active investment strategy to expand the business in growth areas

Accelerate decarbonization efforts based on the plan to achieve net zero by 2050

Further enrich human capital and corporate infrastructure

8

Consider opportunities and risks for our business to decide the direction of individual businesses

	Business opportunities	Business risks	Business direction
Liner & Logistics	 Continuation of long-term shipping volume growth Potential revenue improvement based on advancement of the business model Upscaling based on M&A 	 Changes in container shipping market Continuity of container shipping alliances Heavier taxation on GHG emitted by vessels 	Capture economic growth in emerging countries Pursue growth in developing markets
Bulk Shipping Dry bulk Energy Automotive business 	 Differentiation based on being at the forefront of vessel low/decarbonization Increase in demand for new fuel transport Increase in transport of food/minor bulk in the dry bulk market 	 Decrease in global demand for iron ore, coal, and oil Decrease in new car sales in developed countries Heavier taxation on GHG emitted by vessels 	Ensure advantage through low-carbon and decarbonization initiatives
New business opportunities	 Establishment of renewable energy value chain Changes in fleet value chain due to decarbonization/automatic piloting New business opportunity creation and competitive advantage through diverse talent 	 Technology/product development uncertainties Lack of required expert talent Stagnant decarbonization trend 	Develop a new market created through decarbonization

9

Set a focus for each business to achieve the management strategy



- Position reinforcing Liner & Logistics business and developing new businesses as a focus in the management strategy
- Advance decarbonization of the bulk shipping business to fulfil our responsibility as a transport infrastructure company while ensuring competitive advantage

Liner & Logistics	Bulk Shipping	New business	
Capture demand for transport where long- term growth is expected from increased demand for general consumer goods driven by economic growth in emerging countries [Container shipping] Aim to expand the business through the ONE framework while ensuring profitability [Logistics] Develop a growth strategy that captures increasing demand for regional / domestic logistics around the world to reinforce it as core to our network	Based on changes in decarbonization in society and international landscape, promote the strategy in line with the grand design for each business (business expansion positioning decarbonization as an opportunity and LNG/LPG business reinforcement) To continue to protect people's livelihood around the world, fulfil responsibility as a transport infrastructure company that responds to low carbonization and societal demands to offer stable supply of existing energy	Capture changes in added value along with evolution of decarbonization While considering megatrends, select business areas that are expected to have high growth and competitive advantage for us Beyond our decarbonization, create and sufficiently grow new businesses that respond to new demand from society, such as transport of new energy worthy of low- carbonization in society, to contribute to our revenue	
Pursue growth with developing markets	Respond to changing market demands	Enter a rapidly growing market	

Overview of management strategy (ABCDE-X)



- Key strategy with core business advancement and new business development as the two pillars
- Support strategy with CX (talent, organizational restructuring, group management transformation), DX, and EX



Ambidextrous management

02

(Advance the core business and develop new ones)





Match business opportunities based on megatrends with our insights to take on the challenge of creating new business



Liner &

Logistics

business

• Logistics

Container shipping



Support further growth of the container shipping business and commit the growth of logistics business

Core business

To date

Supported business integration of container shipping (ONE*1)

- Provided human resources and remained deeply committed to management as the largest shareholder
- The three Japanese shipping companies supported the business integration

Supported self-sustaining growth of logistics business

- Rolled out autonomous sales activities / growth strategy with a focus on existing customers
- Integration of overseas leader development; gradual evolution of NYK network

Moving forward

Support ONE's further growth

- Prioritize growth as ONE and continue to support its growth investments from a shareholder standpoint
- Aim to maintain our presence in the container shipping industry after expanding the scale
- Continue dispatching talent

Reinforce the business as a growth engine for the logistics business

- Promote a bold growth strategy while also actively pursuing M&As
- Reinforce global head office function and actively hire diverse talent who can contribute to new business development



Bulk Shipping will capture decarbonization demand, and the Cruise Business will aim for sustainable growth by introducing a new passenger ship





Build new organizational capabilities to evolve based on core competence to create new businesses



03

Function strategy supporting ambidextrous management cx · DX · EX





Leverage capabilities of 35,000 employees to take on challenges as the NYK Group

Achieve ambidextrous management

- Recruit, develop, and energize diverse talent to achieve "transcendence", "two pillars", and "co-creation"
- Combine individual qualities and training to assign right person to right place
- Reinforce corporate functions effective and efficient in taking on various challenges

Aspirational Group employees: talent who share the Value (Integrity, Innovation and Intensity)



Corporate culture: inclusive corporate culture that makes decisions based on diverse perspectives



Increase Vision sharing and engagement in the organization to fully commit to potentials of group companies





Ensure support for enhancing management structure created to strengthen ESG management



- Delegate select decision-making authority over execution to executive directors to make quick decisions
- Focus on deliberating matters such as medium-to-long term management strategy, management resource allocation, business portfolio, sustainability, and significant risks to increase the effectiveness of the Board
- Build timely and appropriate reporting structure for information related to execution of business to enhance the Board's monitoring function
- Transition to a company with an audit committee to achieve the above*1
- Establish an audit committee consisting of a majority of external directors
- Increase the ratio of independent directors of the Board of Directors to 50%^{*2}

*1 The transition is scheduled upon approval on required changes to the articles of incorporation at the general shareholders meeting

*2 The ratio of independent directors as of March 2023 is 42%





Establish an infrastructure for DX

(*1) Business Process Re-engineering (*2) Ship Information Management System

EX – The value we create for climate-change responses and decarbonization



Proactively set decarbonization target despite uncertainties and execute planned acceleration of efforts to achieve netzero in 2050 starting with the current medium-term plan



EX - FY2030 GHG reduction strategy (Scope 1)

Reinforce a structure to autonomously reduce GHG emissions with ESG Strategy Headquarters leading the way

Four reduction levers Scope 1 (vessels, others) **GHG** emissions reduction Hardware and fuel conversion ▲27%~ **Optimal** operations 30% or more Intern-**Energy-saving** ational technology vessels implementation Up to 10% Other Use of biofuels FY2030 FY2021

ESG Strategy Headquarters take the initiative to strongly promote further investment in the environment to exceed the GHG emissions target

- Steady GHG emissions through robust implementation of PDCA
- Further leveraging of DX to improve operational efficiency
- Introduction of internal carbon pricing program
- New technology development and implementation based on co-creation with suppliers

EX - Decarbonization levers for international vessels



Fully roll out decarbonization efforts to achieve net zero in FY2050



Actively invest upfront in responding to societal demands towards becoming a decarbonized society



(*1) JPY290 billion (FY2023-26) / JPY140 (FY2027-30)



Promote conversion to optimal fuels to maximize GHG emissions reduction (total volume) by 2050



Financial policy





Invest a total of approx. JPY1.2 trillion in investment targets by 2026 leading to future stable shareholder returns



to 30%

business volatility



Strive to increase Total Shareholder Returns (TSR) while balancing returns with growth investments



Consider investment opportunities and business environment to dynamically offer additional returns (*1)

(*1) Details of shareholder returns will be disclosed at annual earnings announcement

2026



Develop a strategic cash allocation plan to achieve both increased capital efficiency and sustainable growth





Based on capital efficiency and business risks, keep an appropriate level of shareholders' equity



ONE

(Shareholders' Equity) Position it as a highly-volatile growth business and ensure an ample risk buffer

Others

Shareholders' Equity: Set a target based on consideration of ratings, capital efficiency, and business specific risks

Charter fee liabilities:

Estimates the impact of changing charter fee liabilities (capital cost equivalent) from off- to on-balance sheet (*1)

^(*1) Our estimate: JPY700~800 billion

Use ROIC as a KPI for financial target management



For this medium-term plan period (FY23~FY26), focus also on current profits and ROE as KPIs



Over

6.5%

ROE (Return on Equity*2) Target as of FY26 Focus on efficiency relative to shareholders' equity

32



Recurring profit is expected to be JPY270 billion in FY2026

	FY2022 (latest outlook)	FY2026	FY2030
Recurring Profit	JPY1,080 billion	JPY270 billion	JPY340 billion
Others	JPY330 billion	JPY150 billion	JPY160 billion
ONE (our estimate)	JPY750 billion	JPY120 billion	JPY180 billion
Current Profit attributable to owners of parent	JPY1,000 billion	JPY240 billion	JPY310 billion
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	65%	57%	Around 57%
After changing to on-balance sheet	55%	49%	Around 50%
ROIC	32%	6.5%	Over 6.5%
ROE	48%	10.2%	Over 10%

Note) Forecast in this financial plan is based on the assumption which is aligned with the announcement in terms of air cargo transportation business on March 7, 2023

Appendix



Recap: Previous Medium-Term Management Plan (Staying Ahead 2022)



- Achieved profits and financial targets by implementing the strategy of the previous medium-term management plan
- Further evolution of the ESG strategy and new value creation remain important issues

Previous medium-	Business outcomes		Earnings and financial targets				
term management plan framework		Basic strategy			Target	FY2021	FY2022
Staving Aboad	1. Optimize business portfolio	2. Secure stable-freight- rate business	3. Increase efficiency and create new value	(targeting FY2022)			(latest outlook)
Staying Ahead 2022 with Digitalization and Green	 Containership JV (ONE) achieved high revenue amidst dramatic environmental changes by increasing efficiency and capturing the impact of 	 Revenues from stable- freight-rate businesses increased for the logistics and bulk shipping businesses 	 The green business for decarbonizing society has steadily planted its seeds Efforts have been enhanced to apply the latest digital technology including commercialization of a financial platform for crews and trial operation of a fully autonomous ship 	Recur- ring profit	JPY70- 100 billion	JPY 1,003 billion	JPY 1,008 billion
Shipping market has been increasingly volatile and technological and societal changes are dramatically	 scaling Dry bulk business restructuring is nearly complete with early returns of high-cost vessels to build resilience against decreasing 			ROE	Min 8.0%	86%	48%
altering the business environment	the business revenue ment	f ESG principles to management strategies		Share- holders' Equity Ratio	Min 30%	56%	65%
 Widely penetrated ESG management philosophy to autonomously work on solving social issues as our own business issues Transformation is underway to become a business that achieves sustainable growth through value cultivation with customers 			DER	1.5 or below	0.47×	0.28×	

Advancement of core business (core competence)



Position three businesses, container shipping, logistics, and bulk shipping businesses, at the core













Upgrade simulations and operations for GHG emissions reduction

A new effort based on collection and analyses of data and simulation technology





2030 Vision

We go beyond the scope of a comprehensive global logistics enterprise to **co-create value required for the future** by advancing our core business and growing new ones



Investments in vessel decarbonization - additional annual cost and GHG reduction impact in FY2030



Overall expected reduction is 2.98 million tons including 0.44 million tons from investing in vessel low/decarbonization

Expected GHG emissions reduction

Illustration of international vessels in Scope 1 for FY2030





Projected return on investment in vessel low/decarbonization

Additional annual cost (equivalent to Capex, FY2030)

(*2) ①÷ exchange rate (1USD=JPY120)÷②

	Investment target		# of vessels ^{*1}	Annual cost	Annual GHG reduction impact 10,000 tons	
	CO	LNG-fueled vessels	28	JPY3.1 billion	12.2	
	Vessel fuel conversion	Ammonia- fueled vessels	3	JPY0.5 billion	6.5	
	uel Ion	LPG-fueled vessels	1	JPY0.1 billion	0.1	
(Optimal operations			JPY1.2 billion	14.7	
	Energy conservation technology implementation		JPY1.3 billion	10.3		
			Total	JPY 6.2 billion ^①	440_k tons^2	
(*1)	(*1) Excludes TC OUT vessels			Cost to additionally reduce 1 ton of GHG is approximately USD120*2		

GHG is approximately USD120^{*2}

- Estimated the impact of changing charter fee liabilities (future lease liabilities) from off- to on-balance sheet in accordance with IFRS standards
- Adequate shareholders' equity ratio can continue to be ensured even if the liabilities are shifted to on-balance sheet





■ We are targeting to grow current profit in medium to long term by increasing growth investments





Legal Disclaimer

No part of this document shall be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of NYK Line.

©NYK Group. All rights reserved.